



PROSOPIS GLANDULOSA NATIVE HONEY MESQUITE

The Honey Mesquite occurs across a wide section of the west, as far north as Kansas and deeply south into Mexico. There are several subspecies of this tree. The foliage is bright green and reminiscent of California Pepper Trees. The doubly compound leaves are 4 to 8 inches in length with tiny leaflets about 1 inch in length. Prominent spines occur singularly or in pairs at the nodes. The creamy yellow catkin-like flowers are very fragrant, attracting bees in large numbers. Long, reddish brown bean-like pods are nutritious and relished by livestock and wildlife. Often in harsh conditions this tree will remain shrub-like and dwarf in stature compared to well irrigated trees in the landscape. Most will be multi-trunked or low branching unless they receive early training. Extremely drought tolerant and cold hardy, they are particularly well adapted to native landscapes

AT A GLANCE SUMMARY	
SIZE (H X W)	25 feet x 30 feet
FLOWER COLOR	Yellow
FLOWER SEASON	Spring
EXPOSURE	Full sun
WATER	Low
GROWTH RATE	Fast
HARDINESS	0° F, USDA Zone 6
PRUNING	Prune to shape



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